



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 11

NOVEMBER 2016

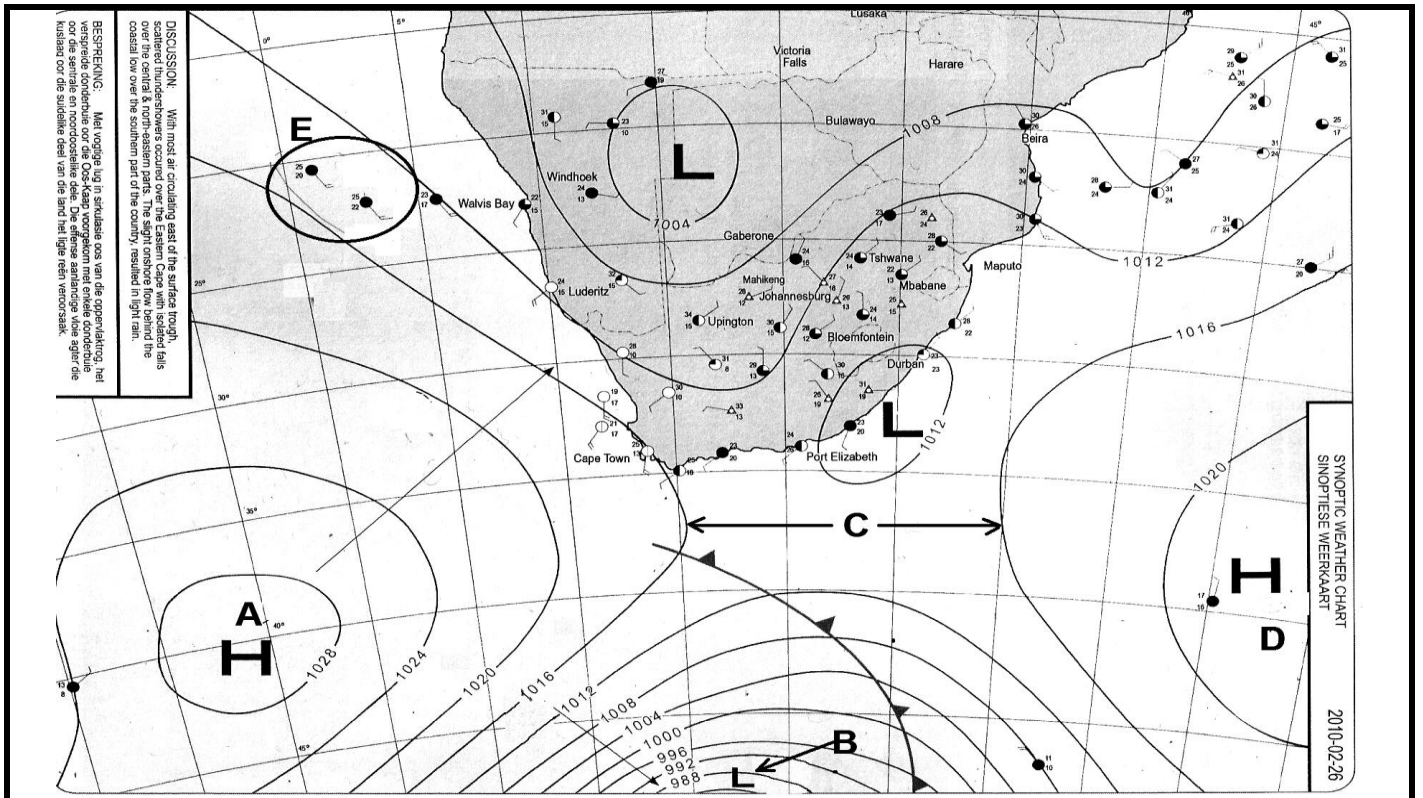
**GEOGRAPHY P1
ANNEXURE**



* I G E O G E 3 *

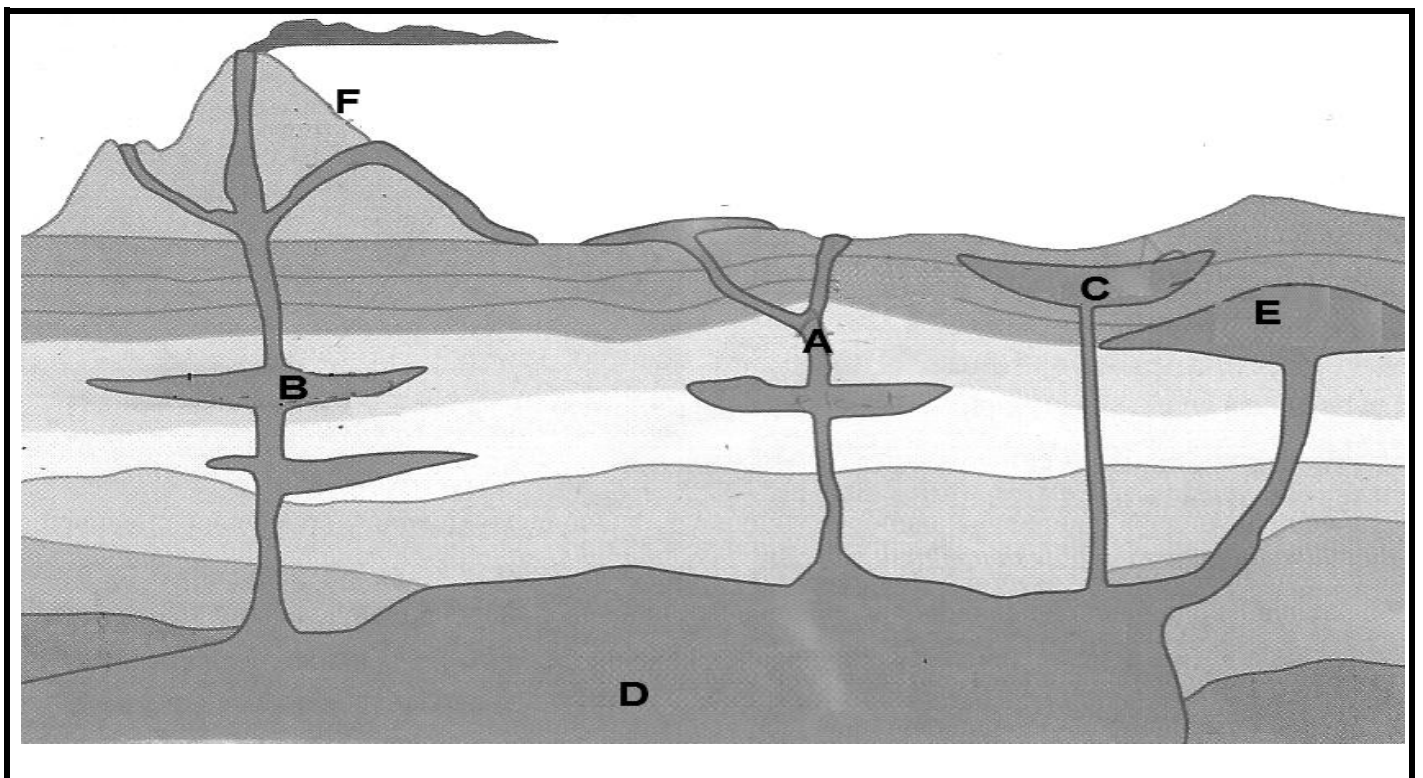
This annexure consists of 13 pages.

FIGURE 1.1: SYNOPTIC WEATHER MAP FEATURES



[Source: Adapted from Geography for All]

FIGURE 1.2: MASSIVE IGNEOUS ROCKS



[Source: Adapted from Spot On Geography Gr11]

FIGURE 1.3: GLOBAL AIR CIRCULATION

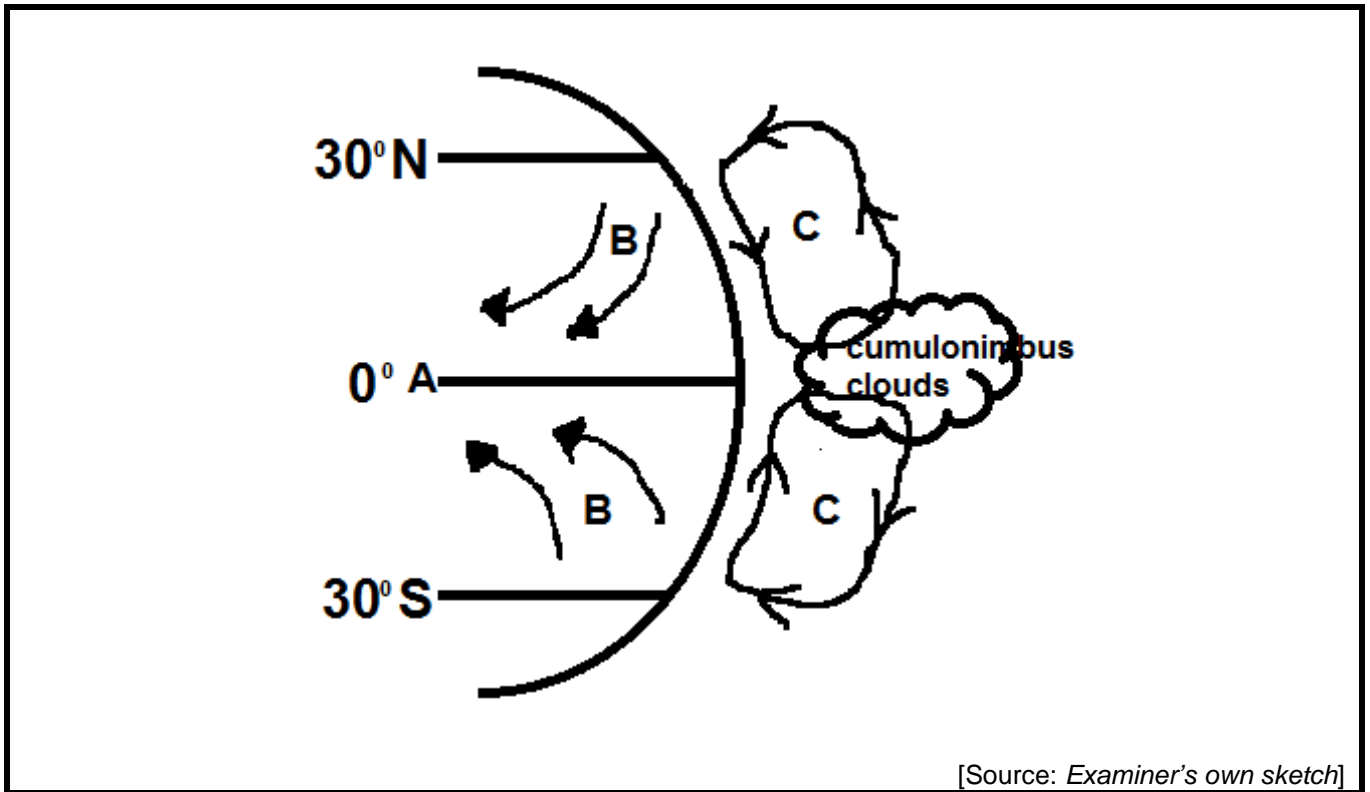


FIGURE 1.4: DROUGHT IN SOUTH AFRICA

Agriculture minister has renewed hope SA will survive drought

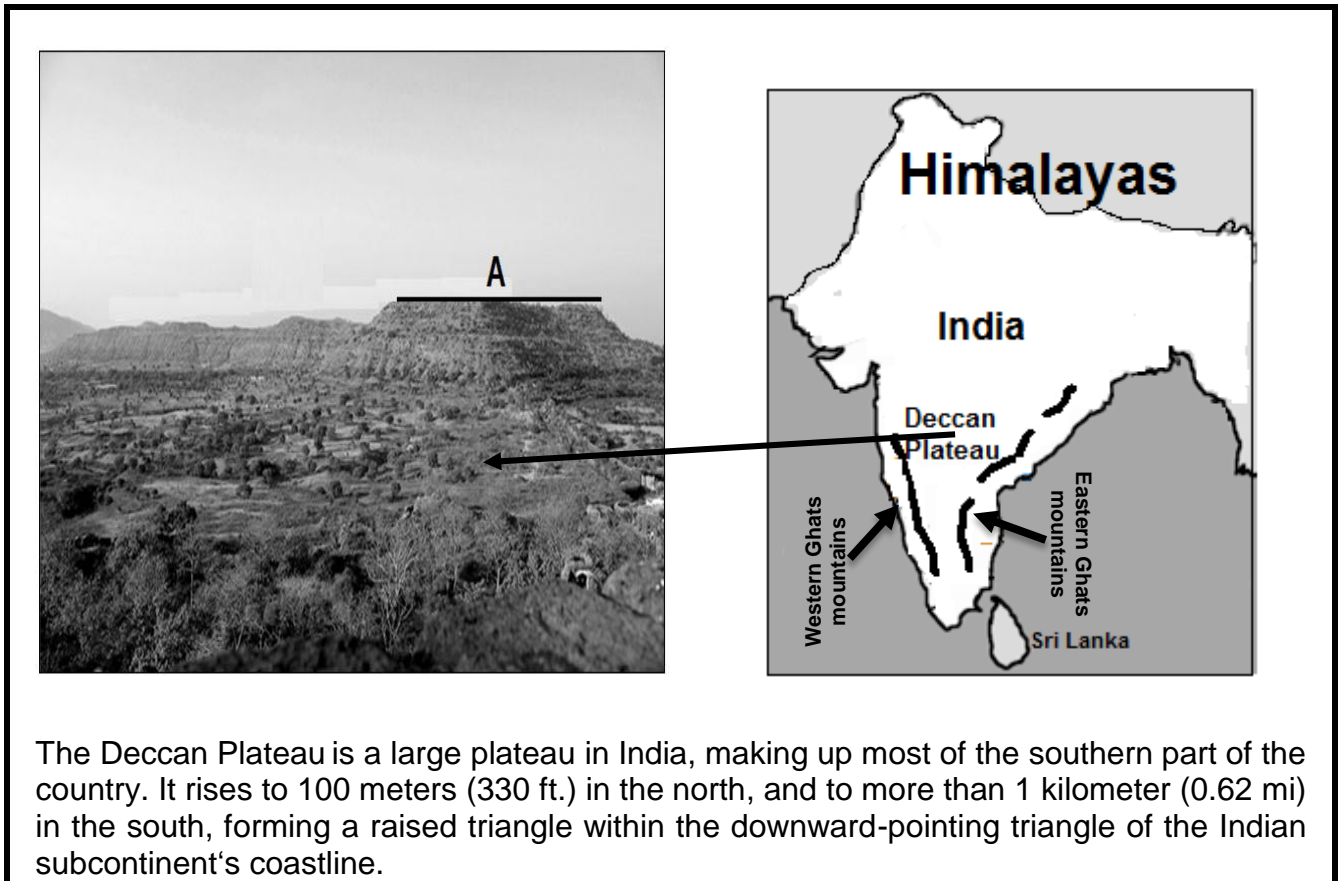
Johannesburg – Agriculture Minister Senzeni Zokwana says he has renewed hope that the country will survive the current drought due to recent significant rainfall. The department says it's being estimated that the latest harvest will produce 7,4 million tons of maize - that's a shortage of 3,8 million tons of the staple food. The minister says he is extremely concerned about the food price increases linked to the drought.

Zokwana says the recent heavy rain fall in much needed provinces have changed the country's bleak picture of maize supply. "Initially around November/December we may be compelled to import five and six million tons, but that has gone down because of the rains". He says the drought has hit the poor the hardest - something they tried to avoid.

Zokwana says government and stakeholders in the agriculture industry need to come up with new ideas how to change the current farming methods to avoid soil erosion and other drought-related issues.

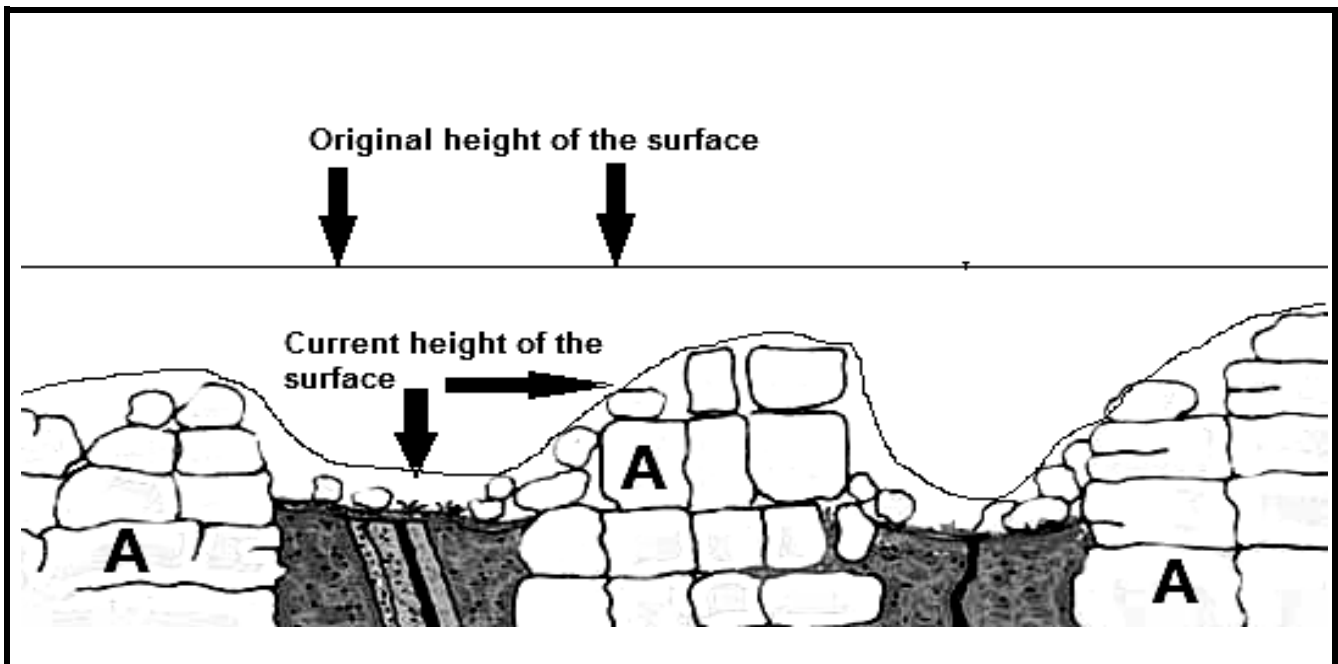
[Source: News24]

FIGURE 1.5: BASALTIC PLATEAU



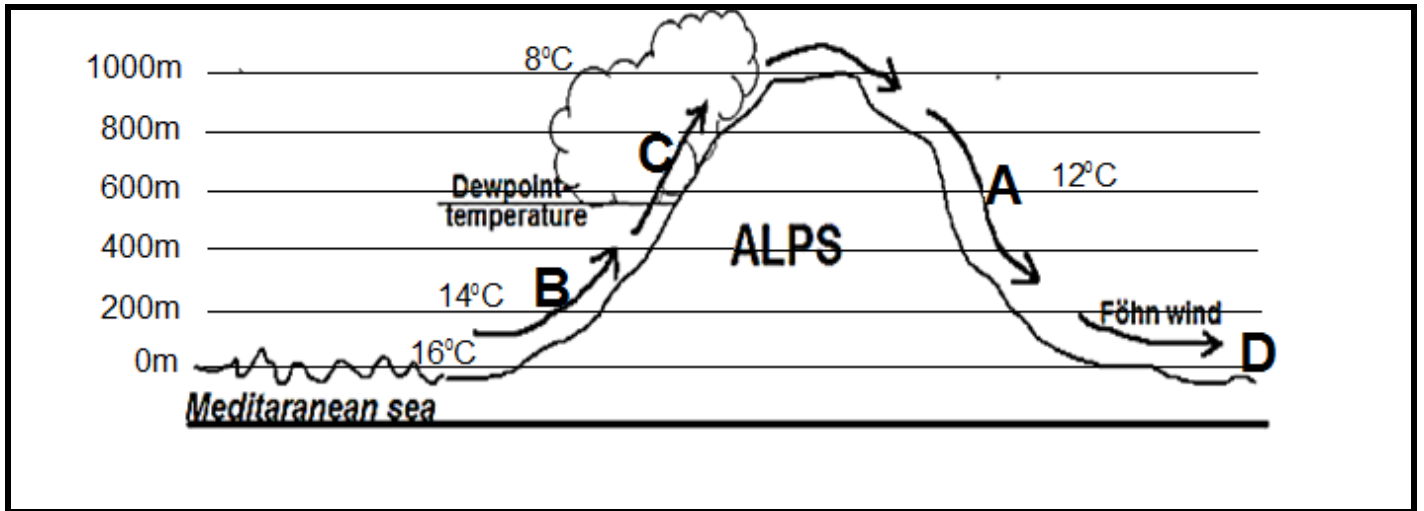
[Source: <http://wikipedia.org/wiki/File:indianhills.png>]

FIGURE 1.6: TORS



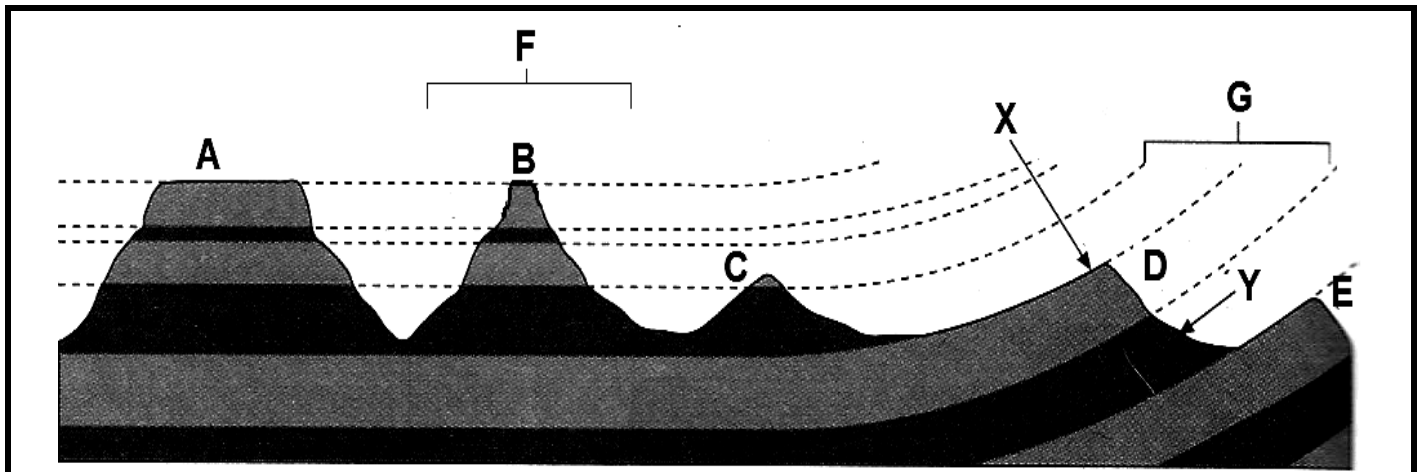
[Source: <http://www.google.co.za/url>]

FIGURE 2.1: FÖHN WINDS



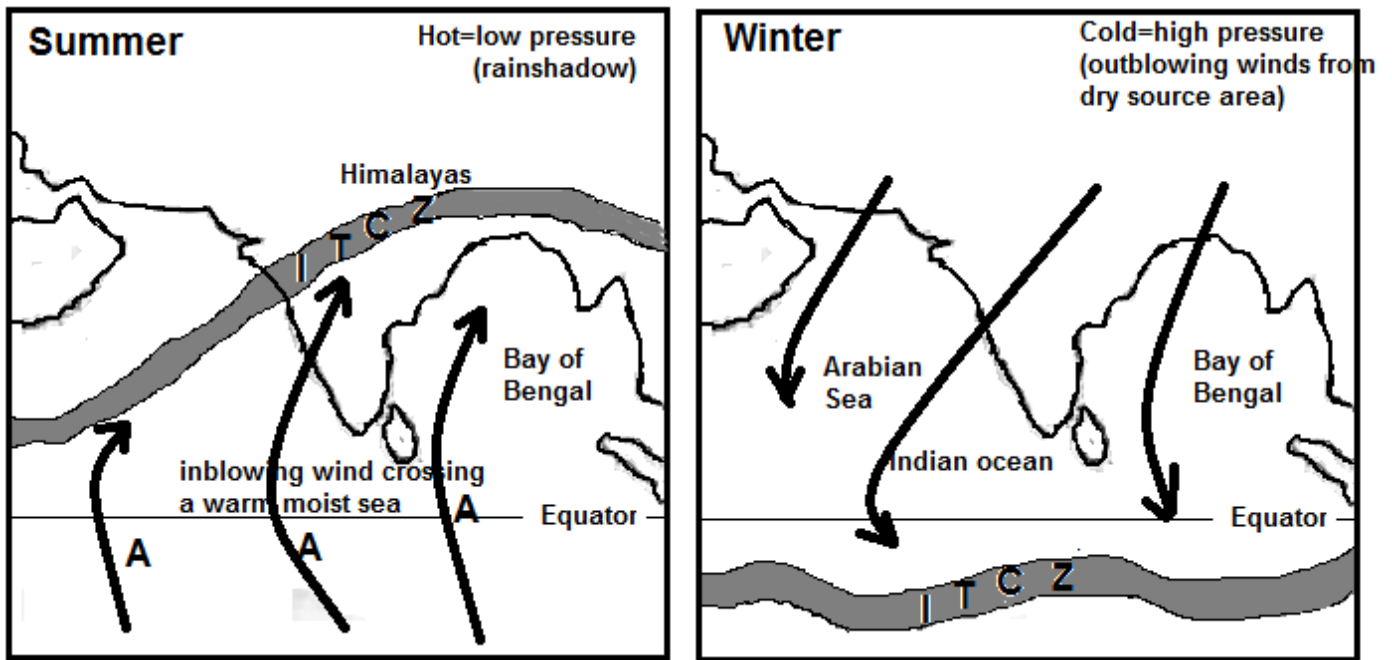
[Source: Examiners own sketch]

FIGURE 2.2: STRUCTURAL LANDSCAPES



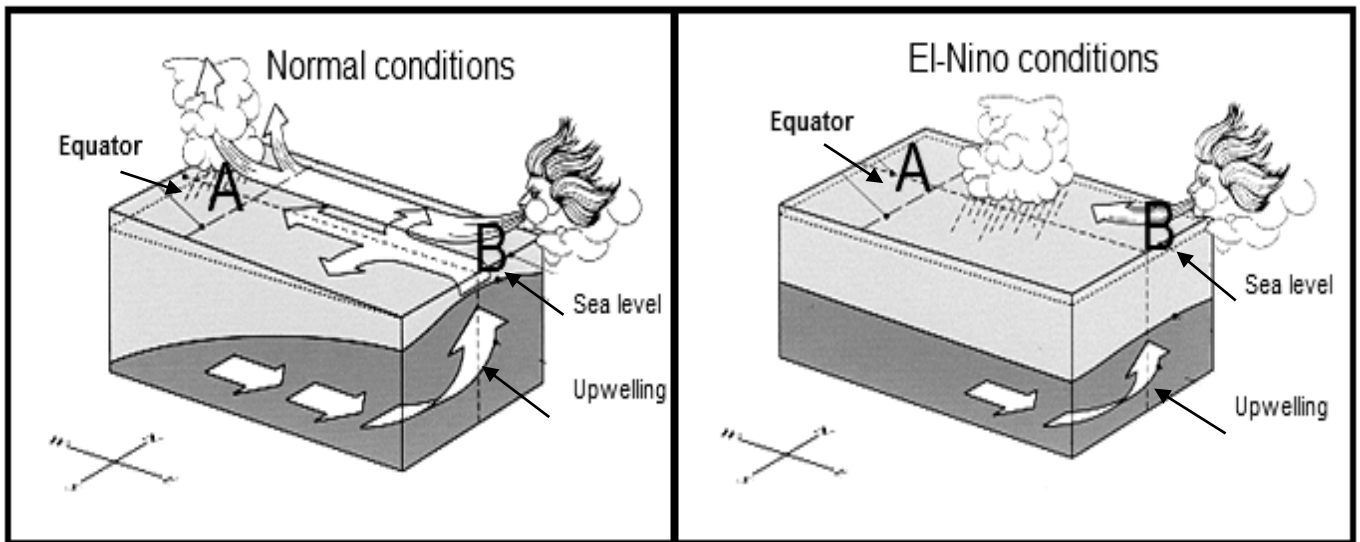
[Source: Spot On Geography Gr11]

FIGURE 2.3: MONSOON CONDITIONS OVER INDIA



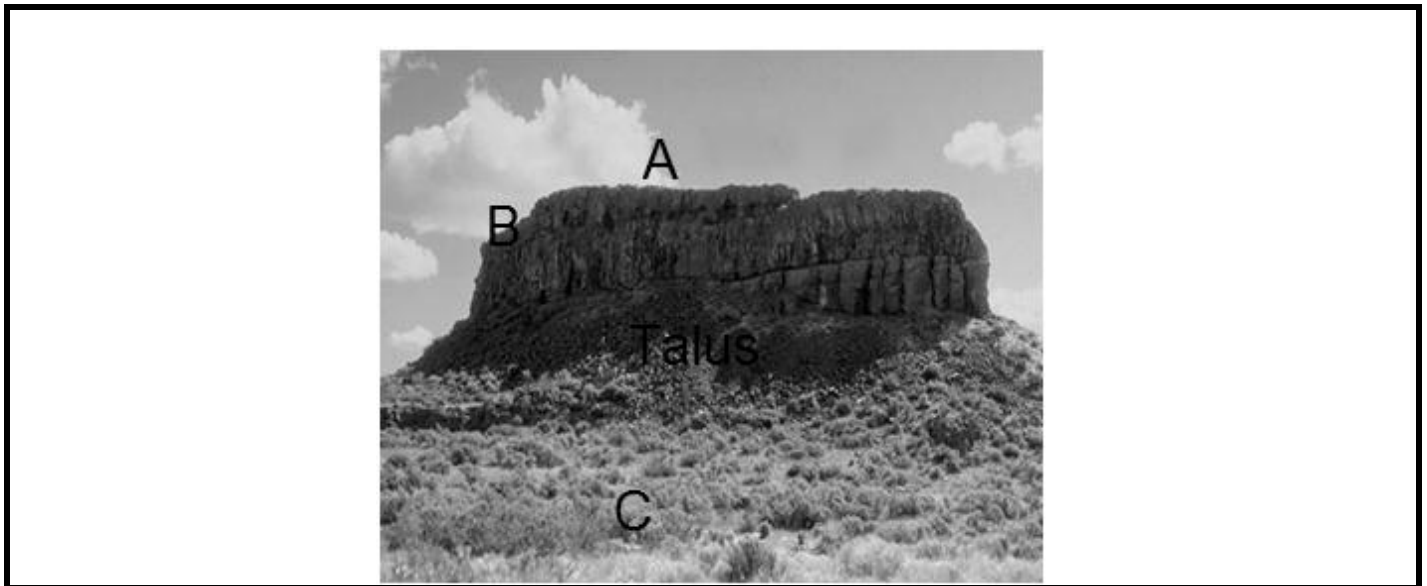
[Source: Examiners own sketch]

FIGURE 2.4: EL-NINO CONDITIONS



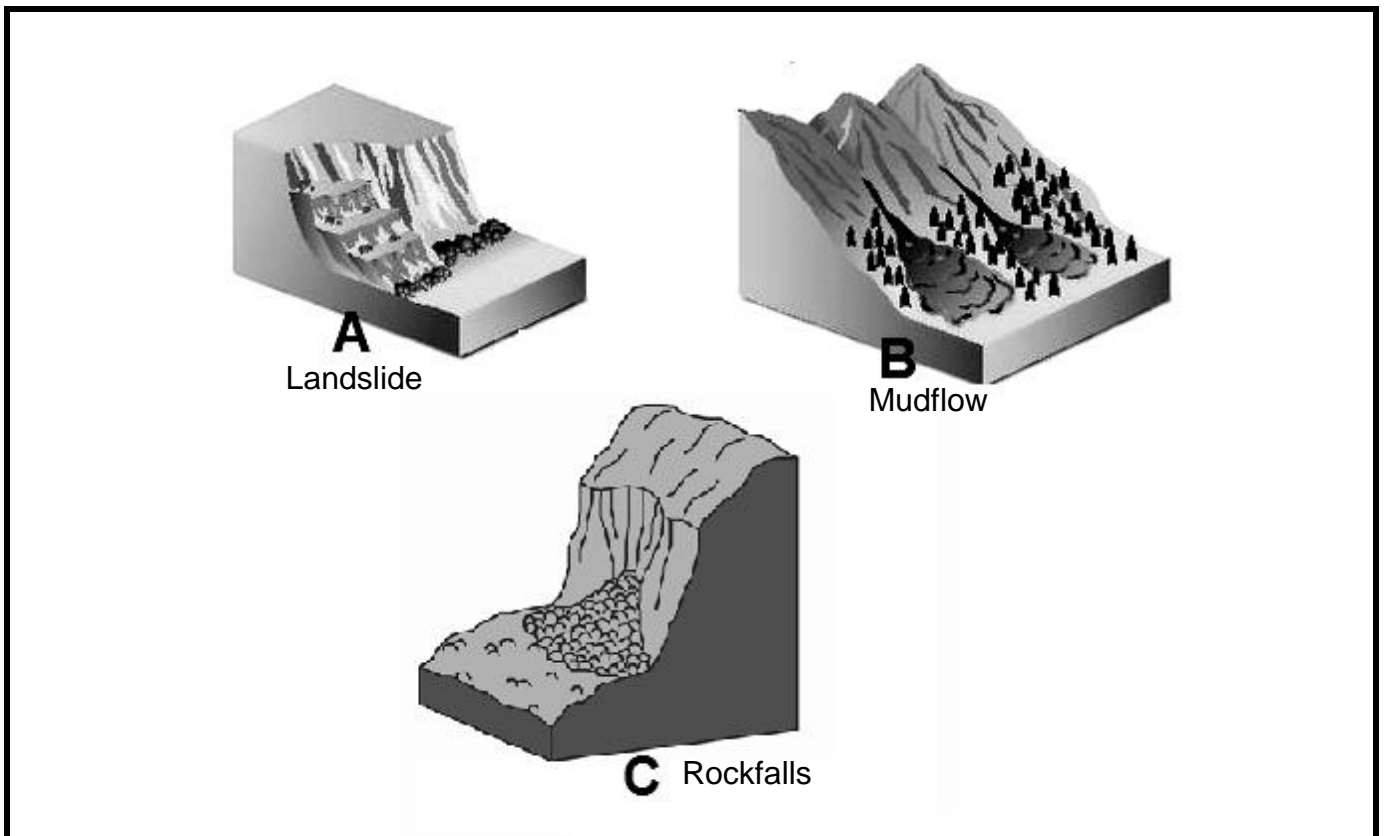
[Source: www.google.co.za/images/]

FIGURE 2.5: SLOPES



[Source: Adjusted from Google images]

FIGURE 2.6: MASS MOVEMENT



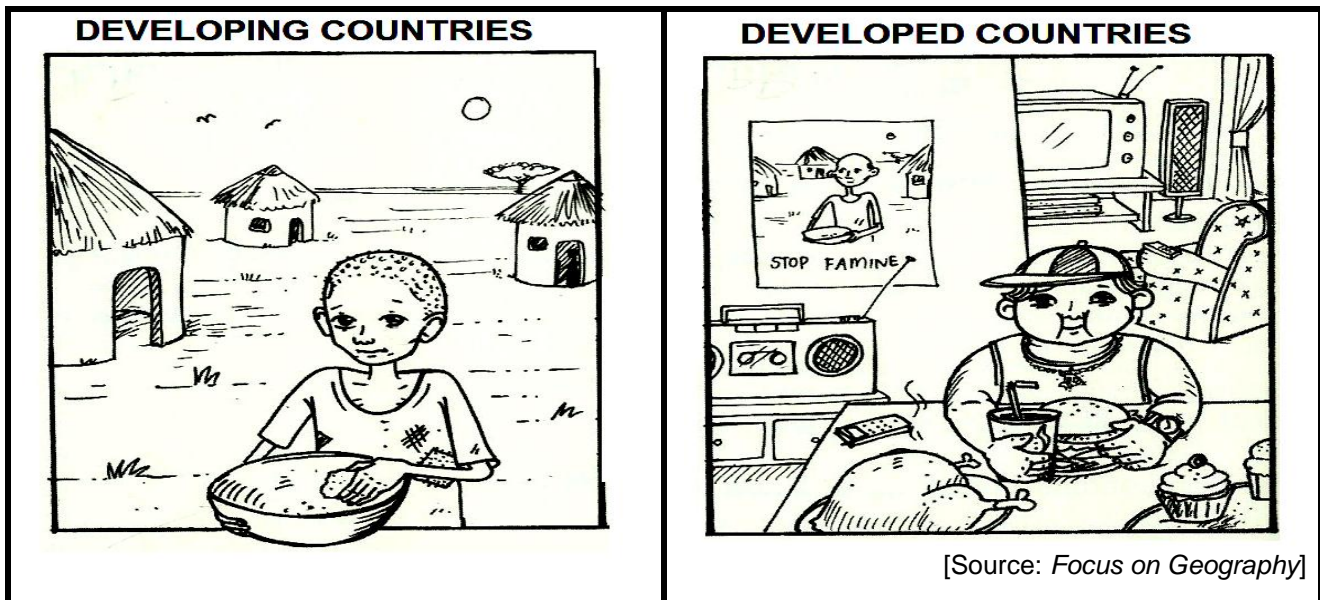
[Source: Google images]

FIGURE 3.1: ROSTOW'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT MODEL

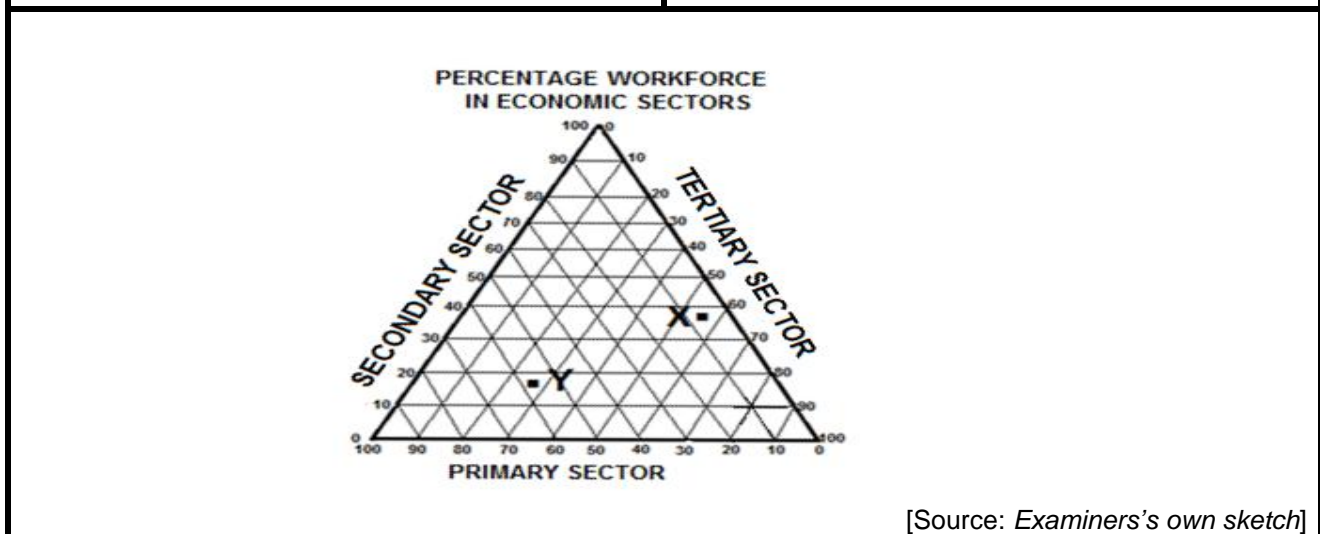
	Primary Sector	Secondary Sector	Tertiary Sector
The Traditional Society	Vast Majority	Very Few	Very Few
Pre-conditions for Take Off	Vast Majority	Few	Very Few
Take Off	Declining	Rapid Growth	Few
The Drive to Maturity	Few	Stable	Growing Rapidly
High Mass Consumption	Very Few	Declining	Vast Majority

[Source: Google images]

FIGURE 3.3: INEQUALITY IN DEVELOPMENT



[Source: Focus on Geography]

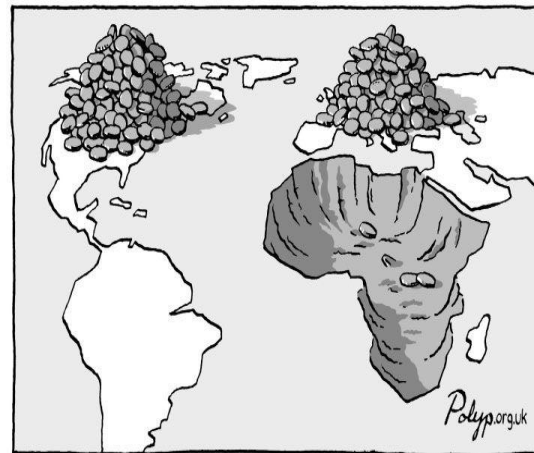


[Source: Examiners's own sketch]

FIGURE 3.4 - GLOBALISATION

Multinational corporations (MNCs) engage in very useful and morally defensible activities in Third World countries for which they frequently have received little credit. Significant among these activities are their extension of opportunities for earning higher incomes as well as the consumption of improved quality goods and services to people in poorer regions of the world. Instead, these firms have been misrepresented by ugly or fearful images by “dependency theory” advocates. Because many of these firms originate in the industrialised countries, they have been viewed as instruments for the imposition of Western cultural values on Third World countries, rather than allies in their economic development.

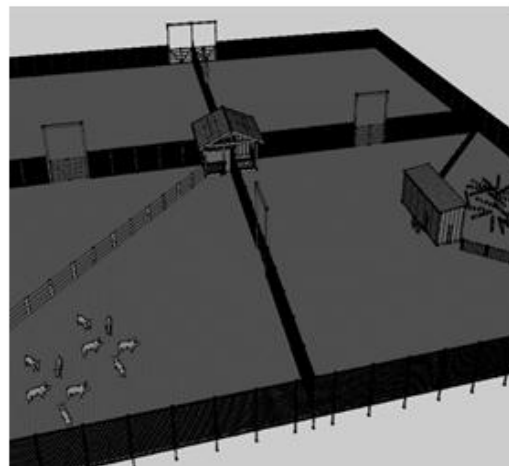
[Source: www.investopedia.com/term/m/multinational/]



'GOLD DIGGERS'

[Source: Google images]

FIGURE 3.5: SOIL EROSION



[Source: Google images]

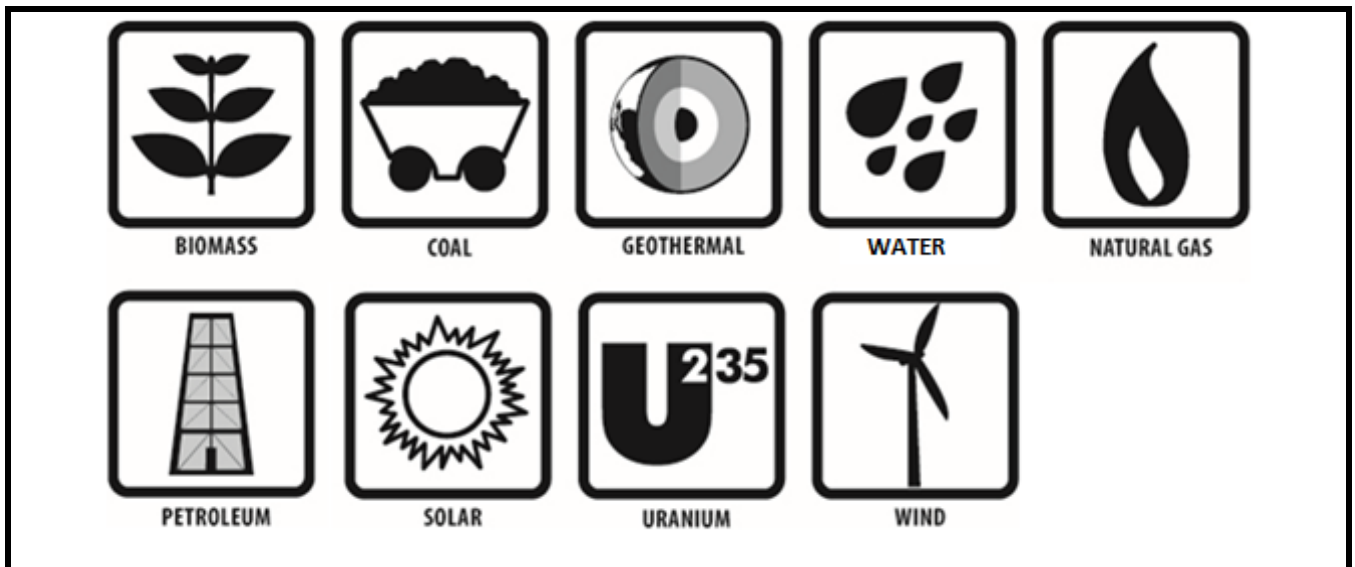
FIGURE 3.6: ENERGY MANAGEMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA**Bold plan to tackle South Africa's energy crisis***13 February 2015*

President Jacob Zuma dedicated much of his State of the Nation Address (Sona) on 12 February to explain plans that are in motion to deal with the country's electricity challenges. Delivering the 2015 Sona in the National Assembly in Cape Town, Zuma unveiled a battle plan aimed at resolving short- and long-term energy challenges. He was speaking as Eskom's power grid remained constrained, with the power utility being forced to implement load shedding.

"We have developed a plan which involves short-, medium- and long-term responses. The short- and medium-term plan involves improved maintenance of Eskom power stations, enhancing the electricity generation capacity and managing the electricity demand," said Zuma.

"The long-term plan involves finalising our long-term energy security master plan. As a priority we are going to stabilise Eskom's finances to enable the utility to manage the current period. In this regard, [the] government will honour its commitment to give Eskom around R23-billion in the next fiscal year."

Energy constraints hindered economic growth and were a major inconvenience to economic growth.

FIGURE 4.2 – ENERGY SOURCES

[Source: Google images]

FIGURE 4.3 – FAIR TRADE

Fair Trade is a global trade model and certification allows shoppers to quickly identify products that were produced in an ethical manner.

For consumers, Fair Trade offers a powerful way to reduce poverty through their everyday shopping.

For farmers and workers in developing countries, Fair Trade offers better prices, improved terms of trade, and the business skills necessary to produce high-quality products that can compete in the global marketplace. Through vibrant trade, farmers and workers can improve their lives and plan for their futures.

Today, Fair Trade benefits more than 1.2 million farming families in 70 developing countries across Africa, Asia and Latin America.

[Source: www.fairtradefederation.org]

FIGURE 4.4 – GENDER ISSUES IN DEVELOPMENT

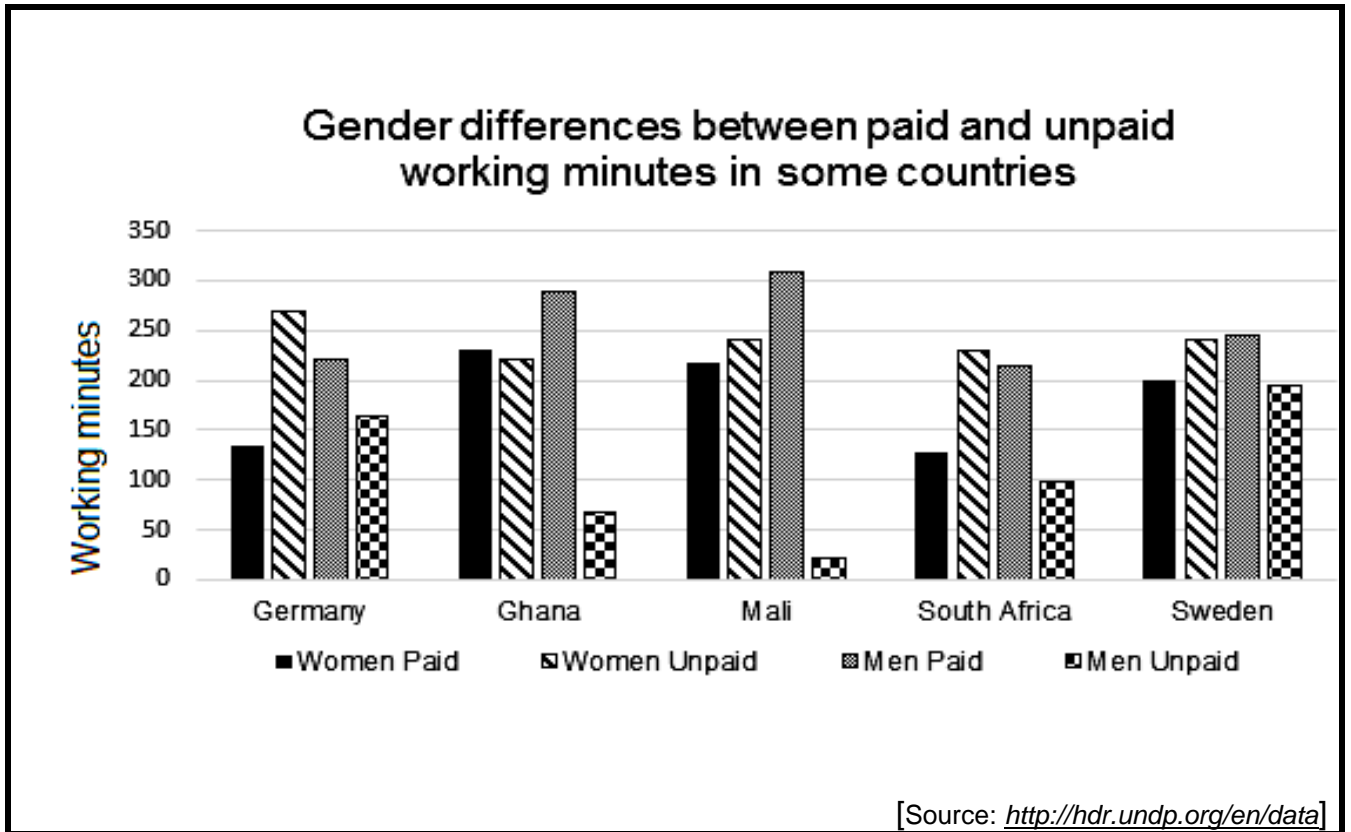
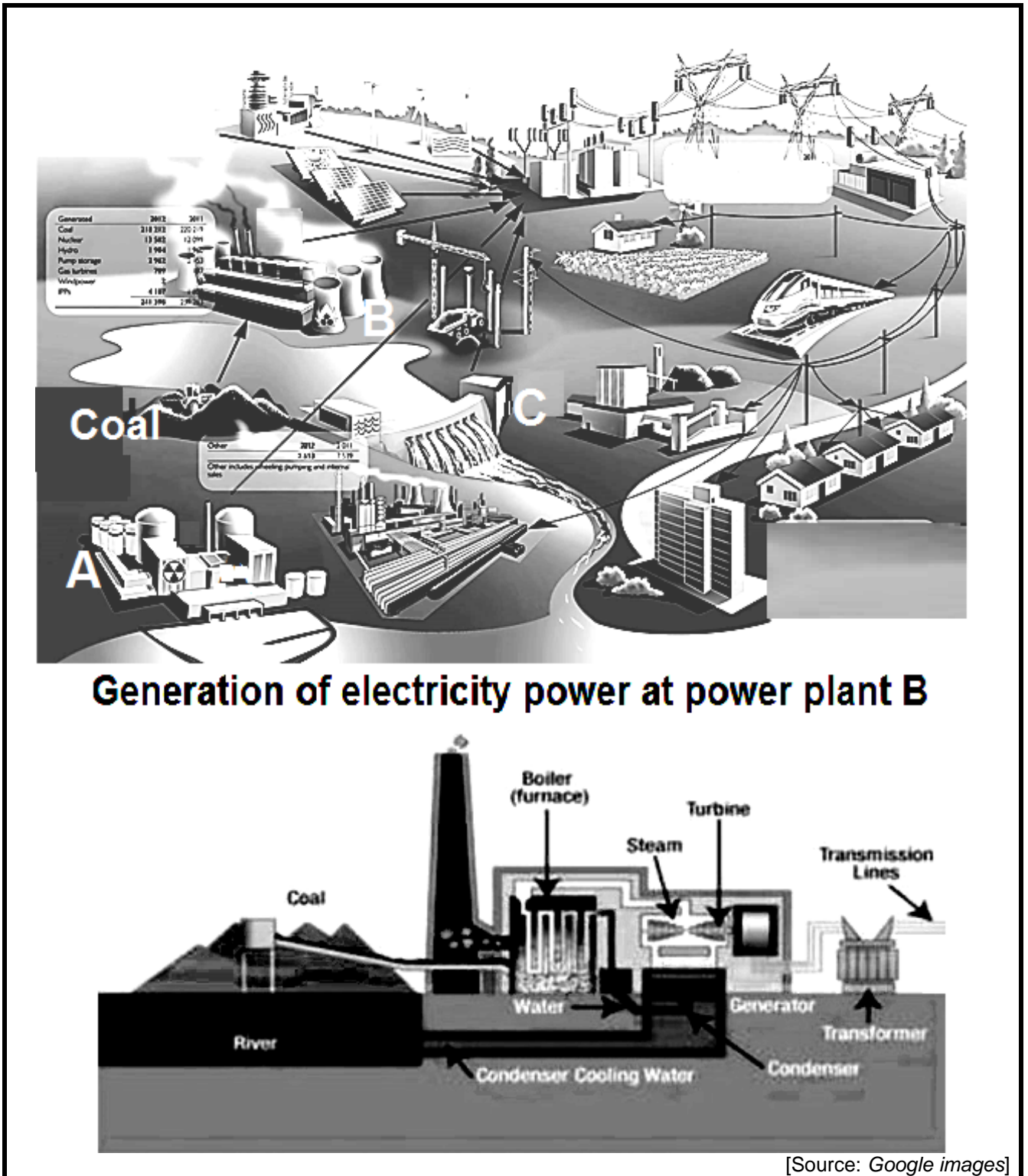


FIGURE 4.5 – SUSTAINABLE USE OF RESOURCES



FIGURE 4.6 – POWERPLANTS CONTRIBUTING TO NATIONAL GRID



[Source: Google images]